

# Peer Community In & Peer Community Journal



**Denis Bourguet**

**Benoit Facon**

**Thomas Guillemaud**

**Marjolaine Hamelin**

**INRAE**



**From preprint recommendation to  
Diamond Open Access publication**



PCI



**We're facing  
several problems**

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# Quality issues in published articles

- low power of statistical analysis
- Harking (hypotheses after results are known)
- p-hacking ...



- Raw data not available
- Methods: no details – not complete
- Parameters not described
- Scripts and codes not available



**NOT AVAILABLE**

 20-60% studies are non reproducible depending on the field

Begley, C. G.; Ellis, L. M. (2012). "Drug Development: Raise Standards for Preclinical Cancer Research". *Nature*.  
Baker, M. 1,500 scientists lift the lid on reproducibility. *Nature* 533, 452–454 (2016). <https://doi.org/10.1038/533452a>  
Open Science Collaboration, Estimating the reproducibility of psychological science. *Science* 349, aa4716 (2015).



# Inefficient Peer Review system

- Peer Review = long process
- Submissions/rejections in cascade

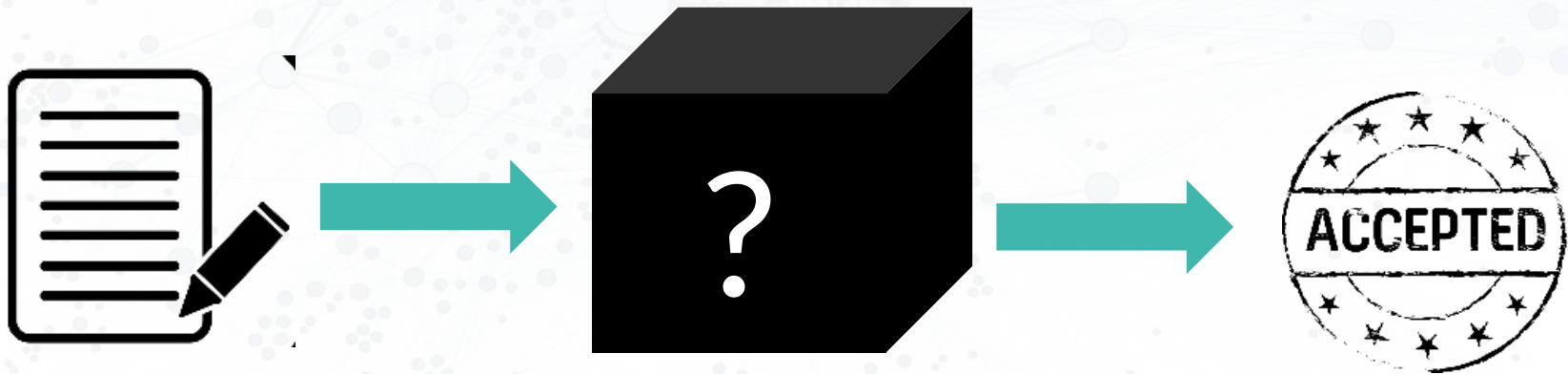


- 1-2 years to read a paper
- Waste of evaluation effort
- Reviewers availability issue

# Non transparent Peer Review system

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- Hidden Reviews
- Hidden Editorial Decisions
- Unknown Editor
- Hidden Conflicts of Interest



# Publication = A closed system

% of publications behind paywalls

Worldwide: **70%** (2019)

Piwowar et al 2019. <https://doi.org/10.1101/795310>



Europe: **64%** (2018)

[https://ec.europa.eu/info/research-and-innovation/strategy/strategy-2020-2024/our-digital-future/open-science/open-science-monitor/trends-open-access-publications\\_en](https://ec.europa.eu/info/research-and-innovation/strategy/strategy-2020-2024/our-digital-future/open-science/open-science-monitor/trends-open-access-publications_en)

France: **44%** (2019)

<https://www.enseignementsup-recherche.gouv.fr/fr/barometre-francais-de-la-science-ouverte-47519>



# Publication = Costly system & fantastic margin profit

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France: ~ €118 M/year

Europe: ~ €3 B/year

World: ~ €10 B/ year

for 3 millions articles  
published /year

🏢 cost of ~ €3000 /article

# Publication = Costly system & fantastic margin profit



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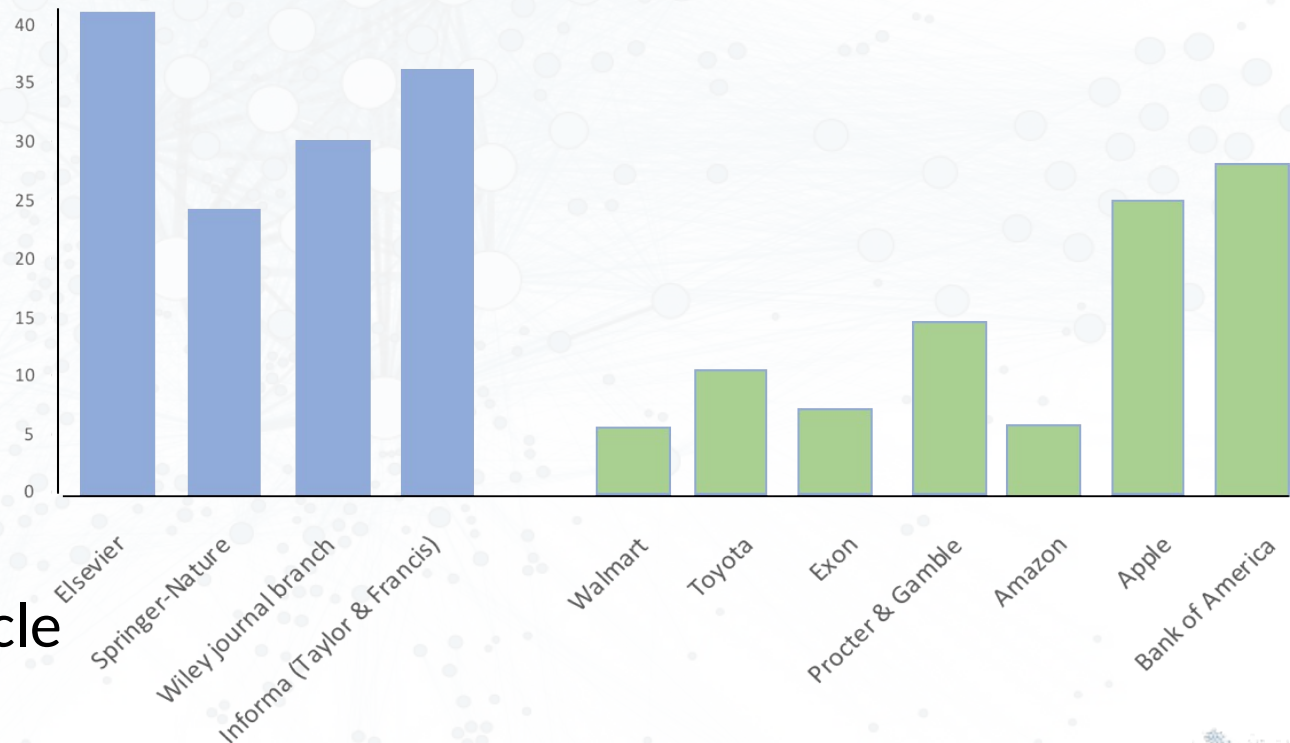
for 3 millions articles published /year

🏢 cost of ~ €3000 /article

## Operating profit margin (% , 2019)

### Publishers

### Leading companies

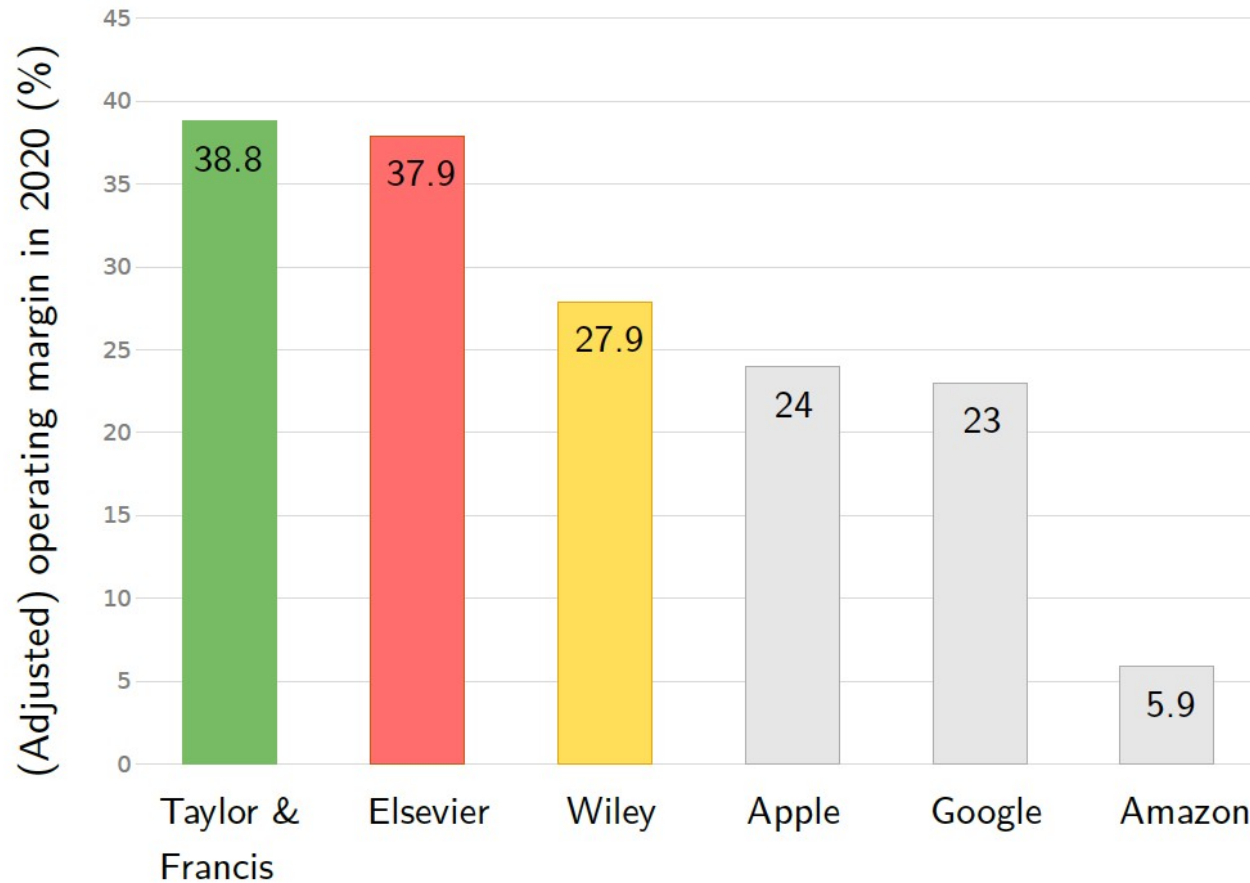


Sources: [macro-trends.net](https://www.macro-trends.net), RELX annual report, bloomberg, SPARC, [marketscreener.com](https://www.marketscreener.com),





and in 2020 ...



BRCP. Against Parasite Publishers: Making Journals Free. (2022).  
<https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7212922>

# Let's pay twice ...

---

Hybrid journals

Subscription-based journals



APC-based  
Open Access  
Journals



- 1- Libraries pay subscriptions
- 2- Laboratories pay APCs

# Let's pay twice ... or even thrice!

## Hybrid journals

Subscription-based journals



APC-based  
Open Access  
Journals



- 1- Libraries pay subscriptions
- 2- Laboratories pay APCs
- 3- Research institutions pay researchers to write, evaluate, edit,**





**Re-appropriate the  
publication system:**

**Peer Community In  
&  
Peer Community  
Journal**

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# Peer Community In & Peer Community Journal

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A double publication system



Peer Community In  
"PCI"

Peer Reviewed and  
recommended preprints



Peer Community Journal  
"PCJ"

Diamond Open Access  
generalist journal

# The aim of PCI

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**Communities of researchers** handling the **evaluation** of (through peer review) and **recommending preprints** in their scientific field.

bioRxiv

arXiv.org

zenodo

HAL

archives-ouvertes.fr

OSF PREPRINTS

etc ...

*PCI Ecology*

*PCI Evolutionary Biology*

*PCI Genomics*

*PCI Microbiology*

*etc..*

PCI





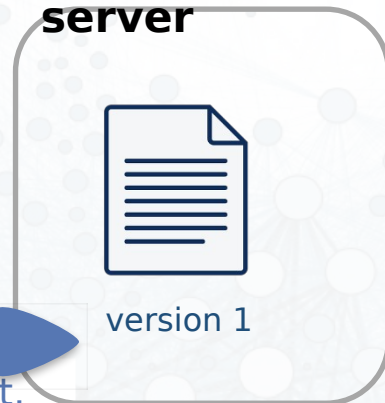
# How does PCI work?

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## Repository



## PREPRINT server



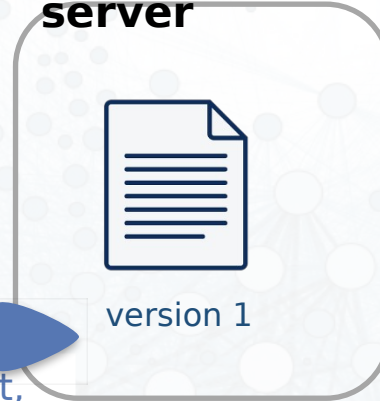
1

author deposits their manuscript,  
data and code

## Repository

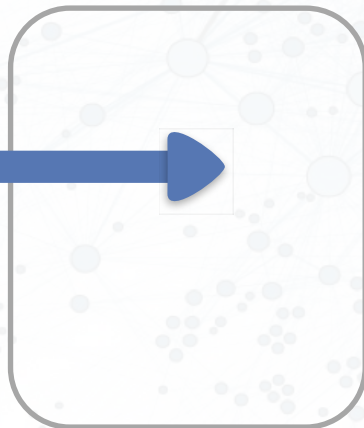


## PREPRINT server



author deposits their manuscript,  
data and code

## PCI website



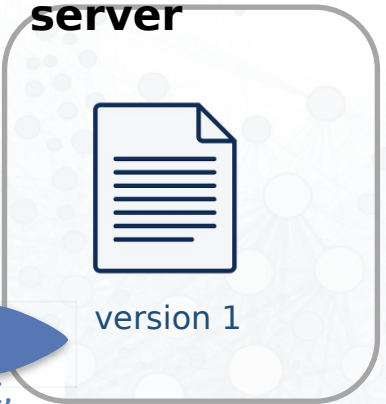
author submits  
the DOI/URL



# Repository



# PREPRINT server

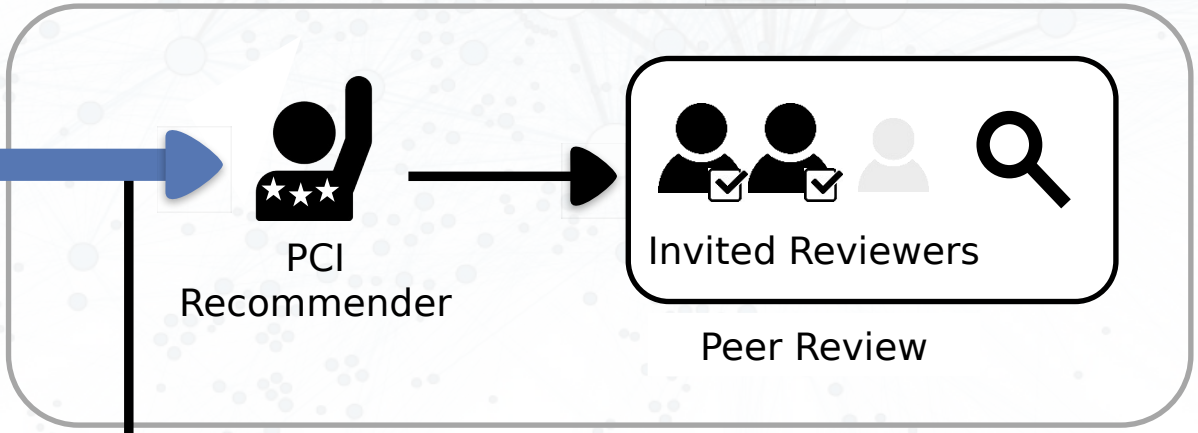


data + scripts + codes

version 1

author deposits their manuscript, data and code

# PCI website



PCI Recommender

Invited Reviewers  
Peer Review

Not considered



1

2

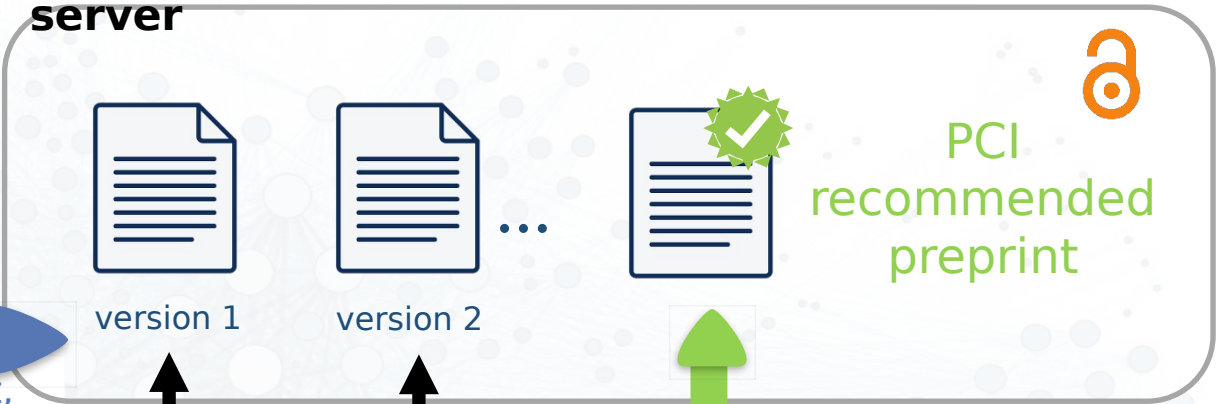
author submits the DOI/URL



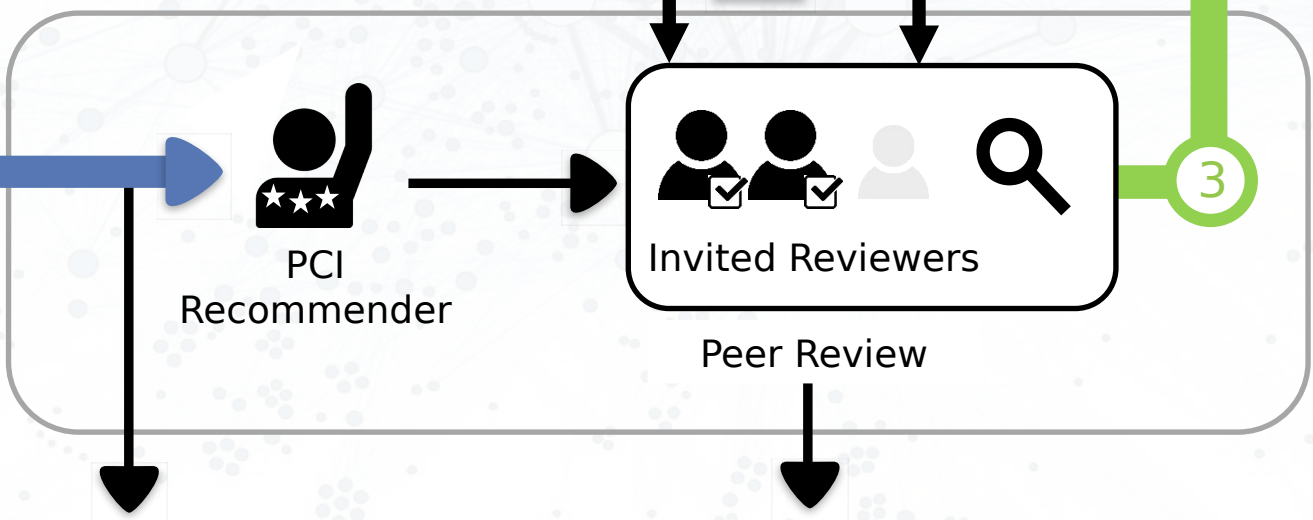
# Repository



# PREPRINT server



# PCI website



author deposits their manuscript, data and code

author submits the DOI/URL

Not considered

Rejected



# Repository



# PREPRINT server



# PCI website



1

author deposits their manuscript, data and code

2

author submits the DOI/URL

3

Recommendation & reviews

Not considered

Rejected







## RESEARCH ARTICLE

- Open Access
- Open Data
- Open Code
- Open Peer-Review

### Transposable Elements are an evolutionary force shaping genomic plasticity in the parthenogenetic root-knot nematode *Meloidogyne incognita*

Djampa KL Kozlowski<sup>1</sup>, Rahim Hassanaly-Goulamhousen<sup>1</sup>, Martine Da Rocha<sup>1</sup>, Georgios D Koutsouvolos<sup>1</sup>, Marc Bailly-Bechet<sup>1\*</sup>, Etienne GJ Danchin<sup>1\*</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> Université Côte d'Azur, INRAE, CNRS, ISA – Sophia Antipolis, France  
\* equal contribution

Cite as: Kozlowski DK, Hassanaly-Goulamhousen R, Da Rocha M, Koutsouvolos GD, Bailly-Bechet M, Danchin EG (2020) Transposable Elements are an evolutionary force shaping genomic plasticity in the parthenogenetic root-knot nematode *Meloidogyne incognita*. *bioRxiv*, 2020.04.30.060946, ver. 4 peer-reviewed and recommended by PCI Evolutionary Biology. <https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.04.30.060946>

Posted: 03 Aug 2020

Recommender: Inés Alvarez

Reviewers: Daniel Vitales and two anonymous reviewers

Correspondence: [rahim.hassanaly@unice.fr](mailto:rahim.hassanaly@unice.fr)  
[djampa.kozlowski@inrae.fr](mailto:djampa.kozlowski@inrae.fr)

This article has been peer-reviewed and recommended by  
*Peer Community in Evolutionary Biology*  
<https://doi.org/10.24072/pci.evolbiol.100106>

#### ABSTRACT

Despite reproducing without sexual recombination, the root-knot nematode *Meloidogyne incognita* is adaptive and versatile. Indeed, this species displays a global distribution, is able to parasitize a large range of plants and can overcome plant resistance in a few generations. The mechanisms underlying this adaptability without sex remain poorly known and only low variation at the single nucleotide polymorphism level have been observed so far across different geographical isolates with distinct ranges of compatible hosts. Hence, other mechanisms than the accumulation of point mutations are probably involved in the genomic dynamics and plasticity necessary for adaptability. Transposable elements (TEs), by their repetitive nature and mobility, can passively and actively impact the genome dynamics. This is particularly expected in polyploid hybrid genomes such as the one of *M. incognita*. Here, we have annotated the TE content of *M. incognita*, analyzed the statistical properties of this TE content, and used population genomics approach to estimate the mobility of these TEs across 12 geographical isolates, presenting phenotypic variations. The TE content is more abundant in DNA transposons and the distribution of TE copies identity to their consensus sequence suggests they have been at least recently active. We have identified loci in the genome where the frequencies of presence of a TE showed variations across the different isolates. Compared to the *M. incognita* reference genome, we detected the insertion of some TEs either within genic regions or in the upstream regulatory regions. These predicted TE insertions might thus have a functional impact. We validated by PCR the insertion of some of these TEs, confirming TE movements probably play a role in the genome plasticity with possible functional impacts.

**Keywords:** transposons, genomic plasticity, evolution, agricultural pest, parthenogenesis, hybridization



## Recommendation

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### Determinants of population genetic structure in co-occurring freshwater snails

Trine Bilde and Matteo Fumagalli based on reviews by 3 anonymous reviewers

A recommendation of:



#### Connectivity and selfing drives population genetic structure in a patchy landscape: a comparative approach of four co-occurring freshwater snail species

Jarne P., Lozano del Campo A., Lamy T., Chapuis E., Dubart M., Segard A., Canard E., Pointier J.-P., David P. (2021), HAL, hal-03295242, ver. 4 peer-reviewed and recommended by Peer Community in Evolutionary Biology  
<https://hal.archives-ouvertes.fr/hal-03295242>

Abstract

Submitted: 11 February 2021, Recommended: 01 September 2021

#### Recommendation

Genetic diversity is a key aspect of biodiversity and has important implications for evolutionary potential and thereby the persistence of species. Improving our understanding of the factors that drive genetic structure within and between populations is, therefore, a long-standing goal in evolutionary biology. However, this is a major challenge,



Open Access



Open Peer-Review




Open Data



Open Code

# PCI-recommended preprint

# Recommendation text



## Peer Community In Evolutionary Biology

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Peer Community In Evolutionary Biology 1



Recommendation

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Open Access



Open Peer-Review



Open Data



Open Code



# Final, valid, findable and citable article

PCI



# Recognition by Doctoral Schools

**ED ABIES** – Univ. Paris-Saclay, France  
**ED Agrosciences et Sciences** – Univ. Avignon, France  
**ED Ecologie, Évolution, Microbiologie, Modélisation** – Univ. Lyon 1, France  
**ED Écologie, Géosciences, Agronomie, ALimentation** – Univ. Rennes, France  
**ED Energie et Environnement** – Univ. Perpignan, France  
**ED Environnements-Santé** – Univ. Bourgogne Franche-Comté, France  
**ED Espace, Temps, Cultures** – Univ. Nanterre, France  
**ED Gaïa** – Univ. Montpellier, France  
**ED MathSTIC** – Univ. Bretagne Loire, France  
**ED Sciences Chimiques et Biologiques pour la Santé** – Univ. Montpellier, France  
**ED Science de l'Environnement** – Univ. Aix Marseille, France  
**ED Sciences de la Mer et du Littoral** – Univ. Brest, Nantes, , France  
**ED Sciences de la Nature et de l'Homme : écologie & évolution** – MNHN, France  
**ED Sciences de la Vie et de la Santé** – Univ. Nice, France  
**ED Sciences du végétal : du gène à l'écosystème** – Univ. Paris-Saclay, France  
**ED Sciences et Environnement** – Univ. Bordeaux, France  
**ED Sciences Exactes et Applications** – Univ. de Pau et des Pays de l'Adour, France  
**ED Sciences Humaines et Sociales** – Perspectives Européennes – Univ. de Strasbourg, France  
**ED Science, Ingénierie, Environnement** – Université Savoie Mont Blanc  
**ED Sciences, Technologies et Santé** – Univ. La Réunion, France  
**ED SEVAB** – Univ. Toulouse, France  
**ED SMRE** – Univ. Lille, France  
**ED SVSAE** – Univ. Clermont Auvergne, France  
**ED Structure et Dynamique des Systèmes Vivants** – Univ. Paris-Saclay, France  
**ED Theodore Monod** – Univ Poitiers, France

**Doctoral Programme in Biodiversity, Genetics and Evolution (BIODIV)** – Univ. Porto & Univ Lisbon, Portugal

**Programa de Doctorado en Biología Integrada** – Univ. de Sevilla, Spain

**A recommended article has the same value as a published article**

PCI



# Recognition by evaluation committees

**Finland:**



**Julkaisufoorumi** Recognition of PCI Evol Biol

**France:**



Sections 29, 30 and 52 of  
the National Committee for Scientific Research



Section 67 and 74 of  
the Conseil National des Universités



Commissions Scientifiques Spécialisées (CSS) of  
the French National Institute for Agricultural Research



Commission Scientifique Sectorielle 3 (CSS3) of  
the French National Research Institute for Development

# Recognition by funders



Peer Reviewed preprints are considered by most cOAlition S organisations to be of equivalent merit and status as peer-reviewed publications that are published in a recognised journal or on a platform





**Publication of  
PCI-recommended  
preprints  
&  
Peer Community  
Journal**



PCI-recommended  
preprint



OR

**Peer Community  
Journal**

Direct publication in diamond open  
access



**PCI-friendly**

journals

OR



Other journals

# PCI-friendly journals

## 3 categories **1. Accept without further reviews (14)**

- Acarologia
- Advances in Cognitive Psychology
- Belgian Journal of Zoology
- Cadernos de Linguística
- Frontiers of Biogeography
- International Journal of Limnology
- Journal of Lithic Studies
- OCL - Oilseeds and fats, Crops and Lipids
- Peer Community Journal
- Peer J
- PeerJ Computer Science
- Rethinking Ecology
- Theoretical Roman Archaeology Journal
- Tropical and Subtropical Agroecosystems



### PCI RR-friendly journals

- Addiction Research & Theory
- Advances in Cognitive Psychology
- Advances in Methods and Practices in Psychological Science
- Brain and Neuroscience Advances
- Cambridge Educational Research e-Journal
- Communications in Kinesiology
- Cortex
- Experimental Psychology
- F1000Research
- Human Population Genetics and Genomics
- In&Vertebrates
- Infant and Child Development
- Journal for Reproducibility in Neuroscience
- Journal of Cognition
- Meta-Psychology
- NeuroImage: Reports
- Peer Community Journal
- PeerJ
- PeerJ Computer Science
- PeerJ Physical Chemistry
- PeerJ Organic Chemistry
- PeerJ Inorganic Chemistry
- PeerJ Analytical Chemistry
- PeerJ Materials Science
- Psychology of Consciousness: Theory, Research, and Practice
- Royal Society Open Science
- Swiss Psychology Open
- WiderScreen

# PCI-friendly journals

3 categories

## 2. Fast response ( $\leq 5$ days) to presubmission enquiry (36)

Accept without further reviews **OR** Need further reviews **OR** Not interested

- Animal Welfare
- Annals of Forest Science
- Bulletins et Mémoires de la Société d'Anthropologie de Paris (BMSAP)
- Bulletin of the History of Archaeology
- Collabra: Psychology
- Communications in Kinesiology
- Ecology and Evolution
- Ecology Letters
- European Rehabilitation Journal
- European Scientific Journal
- European zoological journal
- Evolution
- Evolution Letters
- Evolutionary Applications
- Evolutionary Ecology
- FEMS Yeast Research
- GigaByte
- GigaScience
- Heritage
- Journal of Applied Entomology
- Journal of Applied Microbiology
- Journal of Avian Biology
- Journal of Biogeography
- Journal of Computer Applications in Archaeology
- Journal of Evolutionary Biology
- Journal of Iran National Museum
- Journal of Neolithic Archaeology
- Journal of Open Archaeology Data
- Journal of the Israel Prehistoric Society
- Letters in Applied Microbiology
- Molecular Ecology
- Oikos
- PLOS Biology
- Préhistoires méditerranéennes - Mediterranean Prehistories
- Quaternaire
- Veterinary Research



# PCI-friendly journals

## 3 categories

### 3. May use the evaluations of PCI if adequate (31)

- Adansonia
- Agronomy for Sustainable Development
- Animal
- Animal microbiome
- Anthropozoologica
- Archäologische Informationen
- Botany
- Botany Letters
- Brazilian Journal of Motor Behavior
- Canadian Journal of Animal Science
- Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences
- Canadian Journal of Forest Research
- Canadian Journal of Zoology
- Comptes Rendus Palevol
- Cryptogamie, Algologie
- Cryptogamie, Bryologie
- Cryptogamie, Mycologie
- EXARC Journal
- FACETS
- G3: Genes, Genomes, Genetics
- Genetics
- Genome
- Geodiversitas
- Global Ecology and Biogeography
- Internet Archaeology
- Journal of Pollination Ecology
- M@n@gement
- Mathematical Modelling of Natural Phenomena
- Naturae
- Neuroanatomy and Behaviour
- Zoosystema

## Peer Community Journal

Search articles, authors, Q Search Browse by volumes Browse by section

### Latest Articles



Evolutionary Biology

Relaxation of purifying selection suggests low effective population size in eusocial Hymenoptera and solitary pollinating bees

Weyna, Arthur ; Romiguier, Jonathan

10.24072/pcjournal.3 - Peer Community Journal, Volume 1 (2021), article no. e2.

With one of the highest number of parasite, eusocial and pollinator species among all insect orders, Hymenoptera features a great diversity of specific lifestyles. At the population genetic level, such life-history strategies are expected to decrease effective population size and efficiency of purifying selection. In this study, we tested this hypothesis by estimating the relative rate of non-synonymous substitution in 100 species to investigate the variation in natural selection efficiency throughout the Hymenoptera tree of life. We found no effect of parasitism or body size, but show that relaxed selection is associated with eusociality, suggesting that the division of reproductive labour decreases effective population size in ants, bees and wasps. Unexpectedly, the effect of eusociality is marginal compared to a striking and widespread relaxation of selection in both social and non social bees, which indicates that these keystone pollinator species generally feature low effective population sizes. This widespread pattern suggests specific constraints in pollinating bees potentially linked to limited resource and high parental investment. The particularly high load of deleterious mutations we report in the genome of these crucial ecosystem engineer species also raises

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Editorial board

### Sections

Animal Science  
Archaeology  
Circuit Neuroscience  
Ecology  
Ecotoxicology & Environmental Chemistry  
Evolutionary Biology  
Forest & Wood Sciences  
Genomics

## Peer Community Journal

Section: Ecology

### RESEARCH ARTICLE

Published  
2022-01-19

Cite as

Claire Stragier, Sylvain Piry, Anne Loiseau, Mamadou Kane, Aliou Sow, Youssoupha Niang, Mamadou Diallo, Arame Ndiaye, Philippe Gauthier, Marion Borderon, Laurent Granjon, Carine Brouat and Karine Berthier (2022) Interplay between historical and current features of the cityscape in shaping the genetic structure of the house mouse (*Mus musculus domesticus*) in Dakar (Senegal, West Africa), Peer Community Journal, 2: e11.

Correspondence  
[carine.brouat@ird.fr](mailto:carine.brouat@ird.fr)

Peer-review  
Peer reviewed and recommended by  
PCI Ecology,  
<https://doi.org/10.24072/pci.ecology.100044>

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Interplay between historical and current features of the cityscape in shaping the genetic structure of the house mouse (*Mus musculus domesticus*) in Dakar (Senegal, West Africa)

Claire Stragier<sup>1</sup>, Sylvain Piry<sup>1,2</sup>, Anne Loiseau<sup>2</sup>, Mamadou Kane<sup>1</sup>, Aliou Sow<sup>1</sup>, Youssoupha Niang<sup>1</sup>, Mamadou Diallo<sup>1</sup>, Arame Ndiaye<sup>1</sup>, Philippe Gauthier<sup>2</sup>, Marion Borderon<sup>3</sup>, Laurent Granjon<sup>2</sup>, Carine Brouat<sup>4,5,6,7</sup>, and Karine Berthier<sup>8,9,10</sup>

Volume 2 (2022), article e11

<https://doi.org/10.24072/pcjournal.85>

### Abstract

Population genetic approaches may be used to investigate dispersal patterns of species living in highly urbanized environment in order to improve management strategies for biodiversity conservation or pest control. However, in such environment, population genetic structure may reflect both current features of the cityscape and urbanization history. This can be especially relevant when focusing on exotic commensal rodents that have been introduced in numerous primary colonial European settlements. Accounting for spatial and temporal cityscape heterogeneity to determine how past and recent demographic events may interplay to shape current population genetic structure of synanthropic rodents may provide useful insights to manage their populations. In this study, we addressed these issues by focusing on the house mouse, *Mus musculus domesticus*, in Dakar, Senegal, where the species may have been introduced as soon as Europeans settled in the middle of the nineteenth century. We examined genetic variation at one mitochondrial locus and 15 nuclear microsatellite markers from individuals sampled in 14 sampling sites representing different stages of urbanization history and different socio-economic environments in Dakar. We used various approaches, including model-based genetic clustering and model-free smoothing of pairwise genetic estimates. We further linked observed spatial genetic patterns to historical and current features of Dakar cityscape using random forest and Bayesian conditional autoregressive models. Results are consistent with an introduction of the house mouse at colonial time and the current genetic structure exhibits a gradient-like pattern reflecting the historical process of spatially continuous expansion of the city from the first European settlement. The genetic patterns further suggest that population dynamics of the house mouse is also driven by the spatial heterogeneity of the current cityscape, including socio-economic features, that translate in habitat quality. Our results highlight the potential importance of accounting for past demographic events to understand spatial genetic patterns of non-native invasive commensal rodents in highly urbanized environment.

<sup>1</sup>BIOPASS (IRD-CIRGP-CIRAD-ISA, LICAD), Campus de Bâ-Air, BP 1386, CP 1 852-4 Dakar, Senegal. <sup>2</sup>CIRGP, Univ-Montpellier, CIRAD, INRAE, Institut Ager, IRD, Montpellier, France. <sup>3</sup>Department of Geography and Regional Research, University of Vienna, Austria. <sup>4</sup>Pathologie Végétale, INRAE, B4140 Montpellier, France. <sup>5</sup>Equal contribution



Peer Community Journal is a member of the  
Centre Mersenne for Open Scientific Publishing  
<http://www.centre-mersenne.org/>

e-ISSN 2804-3871

- Launched in November 2021
- Accepts “as is” any and only recommended articles
- Free for readers and authors
- Already 184 articles published
- 17 sections
- CC-BY Licence
- Indexed in DOAJ
- Applications for indexation in



WEB OF SCIENCE





# In summary

PCI-recommended  
article



Final, citable  
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Author's  
choice to  
submit to

OR

**Peer Community  
Journal**

Direct publication in diamond open  
access

OR

**PCI-friendly journals**

- accept with no further peer review

**OR**

- fast response ( $\leq 5$  days) to presubmission  
enquiry

**OR**

- use of PCI evaluation if appropriate

OR

Other journals

If not satisfied by  
the decision

If not satisfied by  
the decision



# Authors of PCI-recommended preprints

- **... can know within a few days if one or more PCI-friendly journals**
  - are interested
  - will request or not further peer-review
- **... get 100% chance to publish rapidly** in an indexed and free open access journal (Peer Community Journal)

# Consequences

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- **Big savings for research agencies** (300 €/paper instead of 3000 € on average)

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- **Results accessible** to all and right away because preprints



# Consequences

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- **Results accessible** to all and right away because preprints
- **Transparency** of data, methods, scripts, codes
- **Transparency** of evaluations

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- recognition of reviewers' and recommenders' work

# PCI in figures & Current PCIs

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# PCI in figures



17

PEER  
COMMUNITIES



2000

RECOMMENDERS



1001

SUBMITTED  
ARTICLES



130

MANAGING BOARD  
MEMBERS



483

RECOMMENDED  
ARTICLES



1235

REVIEWERS



54

MEDIAN TIME TO  
1ST DECISION (DAYS)



92

FRIENDLY  
JOURNALS



>5000

TWITTER  
FOLLOWERS



>12000

VISITORS TO  
PCI WEBSITES



>6000

REGISTERED  
USERS



165

SUPPORTING  
ORGANISATIONS

# Current PCIs

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## 2017

PCI Evolutionary Biology

## 2018

PCI Ecology

PCI Paleontology

## 2019

PCI Animal -Science

PCI Zoology

## 2020

PCI Mathematical and  
Computational Biology

PCI Forest & Wood Science

PCI Network Science

PCI Genomics

PCI Archaeology

PCI Circuit Neuroscience

## 2021

***PCI Registered Reports***

PCI Ecotoxicology and  
Environmental Chemistry

PCI Infections

## 2022

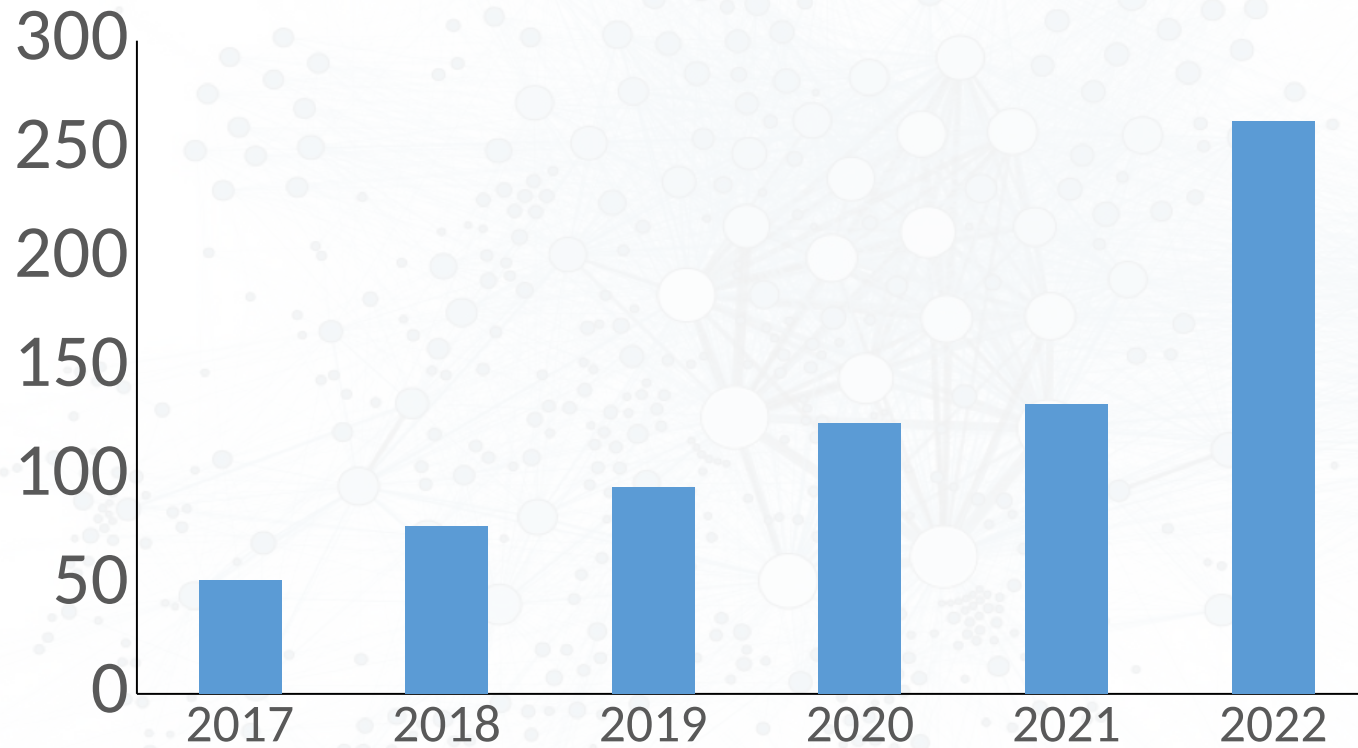
PCI Microbiology

PCI Health & Movement  
Sciences

## 2023

PCI Organization Studies

## Submissions received (per year) overall PCIs







# Supports, awards and recognition

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# Supports (univ. and research institutes)





# Supports (univ. and research institutes)

EUROPE: Belgium, Denmark, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, Spain, Switzerland



Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics



UNIVERSITA DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO



MAX-PLANCK INSTITUTE FOR EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY



Max Planck Institute for Evolutionary Anthropology

LA STATALE

## UNITED KINGDOM



The University of Sheffield.



UNIVERSITY OF BRISTOL



UNIVERSITY OF SURREY



UNIVERSITY OF LIVERPOOL



UNIVERSITY OF BIRMINGHAM



UNIVERSITY OF BATH



Imperial College London



## OTHER COUNTRIES : Argentina, Australia, Israël, USA

Iowa State University



PCI



# Supports (libraries, societies and others)

## Libraries



## Societies & networks



## Other



# Awards and projects

2020 LIBER Award for Library Innovation



Pilote project « Notify » with



**ARCADIA**  
A CHARITABLE FUND OF  
LIBBET RAUSING & PETER BALDWIN



A complex network diagram with numerous nodes of varying sizes and colors (light blue, grey, white) connected by thin lines, creating a dense web of connections. The nodes are distributed across the entire page, with a higher concentration in the center.

# **How to participate?**



# Sign and share the #PCIManifesto

<https://peercommunityin.org/pci-manifesto/>



1. I agree to submit at least one of my best articles to a PCI for peer review before the end of 2023 and, if recommended, to publish it in Peer Community Journal.

2. “I will be bound by this promise only if at least 500 other researchers make the same commitment.”

**1021** colleagues have signed so far



- **Submit your articles to a PCI**
- **Publish in Peer Community Journal**
- **Join us as reviewers and recommenders**

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- **Follow us:**

Mastodon

[@PeerCommunityIn@ecoevo.social](https://econo.social/@PeerCommunityIn)

[@PeerCommunityJournal@ecoevo.social](https://econo.social/@PeerCommunityJournal)

Twitter

[@PeerCommunityIn](https://twitter.com/PeerCommunityIn) [@PeerComJournal](https://twitter.com/PeerComJournal)

LinkedIn

<https://www.linkedin.com/company/peer-community-in/>





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LinkedIn

<https://www.linkedin.com/company/peer-community-in/>

- **Create new PCIs**

- **Submit your articles to a PCI**
- **Publish in Peer Community Journal**
- **Join us as reviewers and recommenders**
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Twitter      [@PeerCommunityIn](https://twitter.com/PeerCommunityIn) [@PeerComJournal](https://twitter.com/PeerComJournal)

LinkedIn      <https://www.linkedin.com/company/peer-community-in/>

- **Create new PCIs**
- **More generally participate in real open science (Diamond OA, society/university journals, ...)**

# Thanks!

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<https://peercommunityin.org>

[https://  
peercommunityjournal.org](https://peercommunityjournal.org)



# The PCI team

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Marjolaine Hamelin  
Support officer



Denis Bourguet  
Co-founder and member  
of the PCI board



Thomas Guillemaud  
Co-founder and member  
of the PCI board



Benoit Facon  
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Web devel-  
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Network en-  
gineer  
adviser



Michael  
Ajanaku  
Web  
developer



Olivier  
Fambon  
Web devel-  
oper  
coordinator



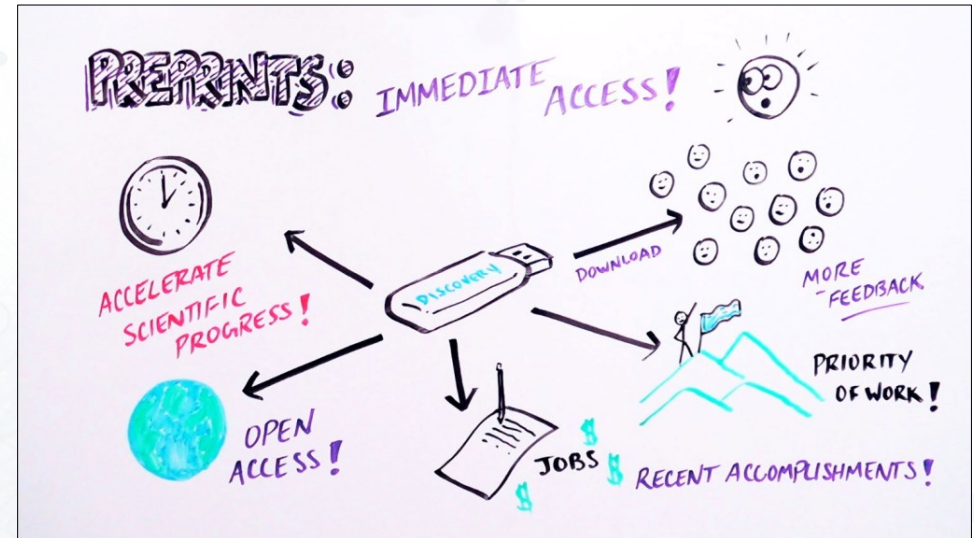
Timo Lubitz  
Web design-  
er & web  
developer



Pavithran  
Narayanan  
Editorial  
assistant

## Preprints are good...

- Low cost
- Free for authors and readers
- Available immediately
- Archive
- Proof of anteriority
- Searchable/Findable



## But putative quality problem...

- No formal evaluation – no peer-review
- Everything can be found in open archives including preprints of very bad quality

 **We therefore need preprint evaluation**